

# TC-1U40FX8G-S 1U Flex ATX Power Supply

(1U Flex 400W 80 PLUS)

# **SPECIFICATION**

Revision: 1.0

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# ☞1. AC INPUT

## 1.1 AC input requirements

The input voltage, current, and frequency requirements for continuous operation are stated below.

Table 1 AC Input Line Requirements

Parameter	Min	Nom.		Max	Unit
Vin	90	100 -	240	264	VACrms
Vin Frequency	47			63	Hz
Iin(250W,300W)		4	2		A
Iin(350W)		5	2		A
Iin(400W)		6	3		

Power factor correction (PF)>0.90 at full load.

#### 1.2 Inrush current regulation

The power supply must meet inrush requirements for any rated AC voltage, during turn on at any phase of AC voltage, during a single cycle AC dropout condition, during repetitive ON/OFF cycling of AC, and over the specified temperature range (Top). The peak inrush current shall be less than the ratings of its critical components (including input fuse, bulk rectifiers, and surge limiting device).

# **☞2. DC OUTPUT**

DC voltage regulation

Parameter	Range	Min	Nom.	Max	Unit
+3.3V	±5%	+3.14	+3.3	+3.47	Volts
+5V	±5%	+4.75	+5.0	+5.25	Volts
+12V1	±5%	+11.4	+12.0	+12.6	Volts
+12V2	±5%	+11.4	+12.0	+12.6	Volts
-12V	±10%	-10.8	-12.0	-13.2	Volts
+5VSb	±5%	+4.75	+5.0	+5.25	Volts

1.At no load,3.3V output +/-5% regulation limits do not apply.

# 2.2 LOAD RANGE

# ( 400 Watts)

Parameter	Min	Nom.	Max	Peak	Unit
+3.3V	0	-	17		Amps
+5V	0	-	14		Amps
+12V1	0	-	18	20	Amps
+12V2	0	-	18	20	Amps
-12V	0	-	0.3		Amps
+5VSb	0	-	2.5		Amps

- (1 ) The maximum combined load on +5V and +3.3V outputs shall not exceed 90W
- ( 2 ) The maximum continuous average DC outputs power shall not exceed  $400\mathrm{W}$
- ( 3 ) The maximum peak total DC outputs power shall not exceed 430W

# 2.3 Output Ripple

2.3.1 Ripple regulation

Parameter	Ripple&Noise	Unit
+3.3V	50	mVp-p
+5V	50	mVp-p
+12V1	120	mVp-p
+12V2	120	mVp-p
-12V	120	mVp-p
+5VSb	50	mVp-p

#### 2.3.2 Definition

The ripple voltage of the outputs shall be measured at the pins of the output connector when terminated in the load impedance specified in figure 1. Ripple and noise are measured at the connectors with a 0.1 uF ceramic capacitor and a 10 uF electrolytic capacitor to simulate system loading. Ripple shall be measured under any condition of line voltage, output load, line frequency, operation temperature.

# 2.3.3 Ripple voltage test circuit

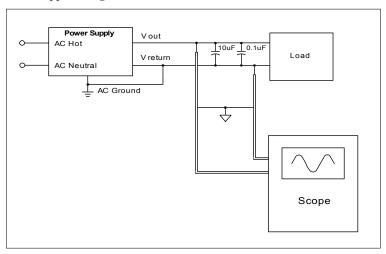


Figure 1. Ripple voltage test circuit

# 2.4 Overshoot

Any overshoot at turn on or turn off shall be less 10% of the nominal voltage value, all outputs shall be within the regulation limit of section 2.0 before issuing the power good signal of section 5.0.

#### 2.5 Efficiency

1. Power supply efficiency typical 87% at normal AC main voltage and full load on all outputs.

#### 2.6 Remote on/off control

When the logic level "PS-ON" is low, the DC outputs are to be enabled. When the logic level is high or open collector, the DC outputs are to be disabled.

#### **3. PROTECTION**

#### 3.1 Over-power protection

The power supply will be shutdown and latch off when output power over  $110\% \sim 160\%$  of rated DC output.

#### 3.2 Over voltage protection

The over voltage sense circuitry and reference shall reside in packages that are separate and distinct from the regulator control circuity and reference. No single point fault shall be able to cause a sustained over voltage condition on any or all outputs. The supply shall provide latch-mode over voltage protection as defined in Table.

output	Minimum	Nominal	Maximum	Unit
+12 VDC	13.4	15.0	16.5	Volts
+5 VDC	5.74	6.3	7.0	Volts
+3.3 VDC	3.76	4.2	5.1	Volts

#### 3.3 Short circuit

An output short circuit is defined as any output impedance of less than 0.1 ohms. The power supply shall shut down and latch off for shorting the +3.3 VDC,+5 VDC,or+12 VDC rails to return or any other rail. Shorts between main output rails and +5 VSB shall not cause any damage to the power supply. The power supply shall either shut down and latch off or fold back for shorting the negative rails.+5 VSB must be capable of being shorted indefinitely, but when the short is removed, the power supply shall recover automatically or by cycling PS\_ON#. The power supply shall be capable of withstanding a continuous short-circuit to the output without damage or overstress to the unit

# 3.4 No load operation

No damage or hazardous condition should occur with all the DC output connectors disconnected from the load. The power supply may latch into the shutdown state.

#### **☞**4. TIMING

#### 4.1 Signal timing drawing

Figure 2 is a reference for signal timing for main power connector signals and rails.



Figure 2. PS-OK Timing Sequence

- (1)T2: Rise time (0.2ms~20ms)
- (2)T3: Power good signal turn on delay time (100ms~500ms)
- (3)T4: Power good signal turn off delay time (1ms min)
- (4)T5: Rise time (10ms max)

#### 4.2 .Output Transient Response

Table 13. summarizes the expected output transient step sizes for each output. The transient load slew rate is =1.0A/us.

**Table 13. DC Output Transient Step Sizes** 

	Max.step size	Max.step size
Output	(% of rated output amps per Sec	3.2.3) <sup>(1)</sup> (amps)
+12 V1DC	40%	
+12 V2DC	40%	
+5 VDC	30%	
+3.3 VDC	30%	
-12 VDC		0.1A
+5 VSB		0.5A

<sup>(1)</sup> For example, for a rated +5 VDC output of 18A, the transient step would be 30% x 18A=5.4A

Output voltages should remin within the remain within the regulation limits of Section 2.1, and the power supply should stable when subjected to load transients per Table 13. from any steady state load, including any or all of the following conditions:

# 4.3 Hold up time

When the power loss its input power, it shall maintain 16ms in regulation limit at nominal input voltage. (AC:115V/60Hz or 230V/50Hz)

<sup>\*</sup>Simultaneous load steps on the +12 VDC,+5 VDC,and +3.3 VDC outputs

<sup>(</sup>all steps occurring in the same direction)

<sup>\*</sup>Load-changing repetition rate of 50 Hz to 10 kHz

<sup>\*</sup>AC input range per Section 1.0

#### **☞**5. ENVIRONMENT

#### 5.1 Operation

Temperature	0 to 40 °C
Relative Humidity	to 85%,on-condensing

# 5.2 Shipping and Storage

Temperature	-40 to 70°C
Relative Humidity	to 95%,non-condensing

#### 5.3 Altitude

Operating	10,000FT max.
Storage	50,000FT max.

#### **☞6. SAFETY**

#### 6.1 Underwriters Laboratory (UL) recognition.

The power supply designed to meet UL 1950.

6.2 The power supply must bear the German Bauart Mark from TUV.

# **☞7. ELECTROMAGNETIC COMPATIBILITY (EMC)**

- 7.1 IEC 61000-4-2 ESD LEVEL X20KV4.
- 7.2 IEC 61000-4-3 radiated electrical field requirement.
- 7.3 IEC 61000-4-4 BURST.
- 7.4 IEC 61000-4-5 surge Voltages.
- 7.5 EN 61000-3-2 harmonic current emissions.

If applicable to sales in Japan or Europe, the power supply shall meet the requirements of EN 61000-3-2 class D and the guidelines for the suppression of harmonics in appliances and general use equipment class D for harmonic line current content at full-rated power.

- 7.6 EN55022 class B radio interference (CISPR 22)
- 7.7 FCC part 15, subpart J class B 115VAC operation.

## ☞8. MTBF

#### 8.1 MTBF (mean time between failures) calculation

The demonstrated MTBF shall be 100,000 hours of continuous operation at 25°C, 75% of full load and 120V AC input. The MTBF of the power supply shall be calculated in accordance with MIL-HDBK-217F. The DC FAN is not included.